



Triage Cancer Estate Planning Toolkit: Illinois

Part II: Understanding Estate Planning Documents in Your State

State Laws About Wills

A will is a legal document that provides instructions for what you would like to have happen to your property upon death. A will is also a place where parents can name a guardian for any minor children or adult children with developmental disabilities.

Illinois probate courts accept written wills. To make a valid written will in Illinois:

1. You need to be in the right state of mind to create a will. This means you need to be:
 - At least 18 years old
 - Of “sound mind” (meaning you know what you’re doing)
2. You need to sign the will or authorize someone to do so for you, in front of two witnesses who are at least 18 years old, of sound mind, and believe you to be as well. If a witness is also a beneficiary under the will, their interest may be found void and replaced with what they would have been entitled to if you had not written a will.
3. Your will does not need to be notarized to be legal in Illinois. But, you can make your will “self-proving,” or accepted in probate court without the court needing to contact your witnesses. To do this, sign an affidavit in front of a notary to prove your identity and that all parties had knowledge of the will. Additionally, a will in Illinois can be made self-proving even without an affidavit if the will includes a properly signed attestation clause.

Illinois allows you to execute your will remotely (e.g. sign an affidavit by teleconferencing with a notary). This change was made permanent under the Illinois Electronic Wills and Remote Witnesses Act. However, before you execute your will remotely, you should check your state’s laws to make sure that this is still allowed at the time you are executing your will.

State Laws About Financial Powers of Attorney

A power of attorney for financial affairs is a legal document where you (the principal) name a trusted adult (the agent) who is authorized to make financial decisions on your behalf.

The Illinois statutory form for power of attorney allows you to appoint someone to manage your finances for you, including your property, taxes, and government benefits. This person can make all financial decisions for you, or you can limit their powers to specific areas, like filing taxes or banking. Your agent is entitled to reasonable compensation for their help if you do not specify otherwise by striking out paragraph 5. Unless you indicate otherwise, this document takes effect immediately after you sign it and will remain in effect until you die or you revoke your power of attorney.

Part III includes a sample form.

State Laws About Advance Health Care Directives

An advance health care directive (AHCD) is a legal document you can use to provide written instructions, or state preferences, about your medical care in case you become unable to communicate. In Illinois, this document contains two parts.

Illinois Statutory Short Form Power of Attorney for Health Care: You can use this form to appoint someone (an agent) to make any and all decisions about your medical care for you if you become unable to communicate. On this form, you can express your preferences for organ donation, life-sustaining treatment, burial arrangements, and other health care decisions. You can also choose an alternate person if the first person you choose is not available. This document takes effect when your primary physician determines you can no longer understand or communicate your preferences for health care, or immediately after you sign if you choose.

To be valid, you must sign this form in front of one person at least 18 years of age. Your witness cannot be:

- Your current doctor, nurse, or other health care provider, or their close relative
- An owner, operator, or relative of an owner or operator of your residential health care facility
- Your parent, sibling, descendant, or any of their spouses
- Your agent or successor agent, or any of their relatives by blood, marriage, or adoption

Living will: This document lets you express your preference for life-sustaining treatment, if your doctor determines you cannot speak for yourself and you have an incurable, irreversible, and terminal condition.

To be valid, you must sign it in front of two people at least 18 years old. Your witnesses cannot be:

- The person signing on your behalf, if you could not sign yourself
- Directly financially responsible for your medical care
- Inheriting anything in your will
- Your healthcare professional

If you change your mind about either of these documents, you can revoke them at any time by:

- Destroying the document
- Signing and dating a written revocation
- Expressing your intent to revoke the document in front of a witness at least 18 years old, who must sign a document affirming this
- Deleting it (if you have an electronic declaration)

Make sure to tell your attending physician about your living will. It will not become effective until you do so.

Part III includes a sample form.

State Laws About POLST/MOLST

A physician order for life-sustaining treatment (POLST) is a medical order completed by a seriously ill person and signed by a physician. The POLST does not replace an advance health care directive. You can complete a POLST form with your doctor. In Illinois, this form lets you indicate your preferences for:

- Cardiopulmonary resuscitation orders (also known as a “Do not resuscitate,” or DNR order)
- Medical Interventions, ranging from all medical and surgical treatments available to prolong your life, selective treatments to restore your health while avoiding burdensome procedures, or comfort-focused treatments to manage symptoms and allow natural death
- Medically assisted nutrition, or food and hydration offered through surgically-placed tubes
- Additional orders or instructions for your care

This form will not expire, so it is important for you and your physician to review it regularly to make sure it still reflects your wishes.

State Laws About Funeral Designation Forms

Funeral designation forms allow you to tell your loved ones what you would like to happen to your remains after you pass away. These forms can be used to choose someone to control what happens to your remains after your death, specify what you would like to have happen, and other wishes depending on your state.

Illinois does not have a funeral designation form. But, if you appoint an agent with a durable power of attorney for health care, this person can oversee the disposal of your remains, and the plans you have made for your remains.

State Laws About Death with Dignity

“Death with Dignity” laws, or physician-assisted dying/aid-in-dying laws, allow certain terminally ill people to voluntarily and legally request and receive a prescription medication from their physician to hasten their death in a peaceful, humane, and dignified way. By adding a voluntary option to the continuum of end-of-life care, these laws can give you dignity, control, and peace of mind during your final days with family and loved ones.

Illinois does not have a death with dignity law. But, you can indicate other decisions related to end-of-life care through an advance health care directive.

Federal Law About HIPAA

The Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA) is a federal law that protects the privacy of your health information. HIPAA does allow your protected health information to be shared with your personal representative who has authority to make health care decisions for you (i.e., your health care agent or proxy).

To guarantee your agent’s access to information, a HIPAA authorization form should be signed and dated by you. Also, it must identify the information to be disclosed, the purpose of the disclosure, the recipients of the information, and an expiration date. This means that any advance health care directives should be clear about the scope of your agent’s authority to receive protected health care information.

You can revoke a HIPAA authorization form at any time by notifying your health care provider in writing.

Part III of this toolkit includes a sample HIPAA authorization form. For more information:

www.cdc.gov/phlp/publications/topic/hipaa.html.



Triage Cancer Estate Planning Toolkit: Illinois

Part III: Your State's Estate Planning Forms

- Power of Attorney for Financial Affairs
- Advanced Health Care Directive
- Physician Order for Life-Sustaining Treatment (POLST)
- HIPAA Authorization Form



Triage Cancer Estate Planning Toolkit



Part III: Your State's Estate Planning Forms



Power of Attorney for Financial Affairs

Disclaimer: This toolkit is intended to provide general information on the topics presented. It is provided with the understanding that Triage Cancer is not engaged in rendering any legal, medical, or professional services by its publication or distribution. Although this content was reviewed by a professional, it should not be used as a substitute for professional services.

**NOTICE TO THE INDIVIDUAL SIGNING THE ILLINOIS
STATUTORY SHORT FORM POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR PROPERTY.**

PLEASE READ THIS NOTICE CAREFULLY. The form that you will be signing is a legal document. It is governed by the Illinois Power of Attorney Act. If there is anything about this form that you do not understand, you should ask a lawyer to explain it to you.

The purpose of this Power of Attorney is to give your designated “agent” broad powers to handle your financial affairs, which may include the power to pledge, sell, or dispose of any of your real or personal property, even without your consent or any advance notice to you. When using the Statutory Short Form, you may name successor agents, but you may not name co-agents.

This form does not impose a duty upon your agent to handle your financial affairs, so it is important that you select an agent who will agree to do this for you. It is also important to select an agent whom you trust, since you are giving that agent control over your financial assets and property. Any agent who does act for you has a duty to act in good faith for your benefit and to use due care, competence, and diligence. He or she must also act in accordance with the law and with the directions in this form. Your agent must keep a record of all receipts, disbursements, and significant actions taken as your agent.

Unless you specifically limit the period of time that this Power of Attorney will be in effect, your agent may exercise the powers given to him or her throughout your lifetime, both before and after you become incapacitated. A court, however, can take away the powers of your agent if it finds that the agent is not acting properly. You may also revoke this Power of Attorney if you wish.

This Power of Attorney does not authorize your agent to appear in court for you as an attorney-at-law or otherwise to engage in the practice of law unless he or she is a licensed attorney who is authorized to practice law in Illinois.

The powers you give your agent are explained more fully in Section 3-4 of the Illinois Power of Attorney Act. This form is a part of that law. The “NOTE” paragraphs throughout this form are instructions.

You are not required to sign this Power of Attorney, but it will not take effect without your signature. You should not sign this Power of Attorney if you do not understand everything in it, and what your agent will be able to do if you do sign it.

Please place your initials on the following line indicating that you have read this Notice:

Principal’s initials

**ILLINOIS STATUTORY SHORT FORM
POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR PROPERTY**

1. I, _____

(insert name and address of principal)

hereby revoke all prior powers of attorney for property executed by me and appoint: (insert name and address of agent)

(NOTE: You may not name co-agents using this form.)

as my attorney-in-fact (my “agent”) to act for me and in my name (in any way I could act in person) with respect to the following powers, as defined in Section 3-4 of the “Statutory Short Form Power of Attorney for Property Law” (including all amendments), but subject to any limitations on or additions to the specified powers inserted in paragraph 2 or 3 below:

(NOTE: You must strike out any one or more of the following categories of powers you do not want your agent to have. Failure to strike the title of any category will cause the powers described in that category to be granted to the agent. To strike out a category you must draw a line through the title of that category.)

(a) Real estate transactions.

(b) Financial institution transactions.

(c) Stock and bond transactions.

(d) Tangible personal property transactions.

(e) Safe deposit box transactions.

(f) Insurance and annuity transactions.

(g) Retirement plan transactions.

(h) Social Security, employment and military service benefits.

(i) Tax matters.

(j) Claims and litigation.

(k) Commodity and option transactions.

(l) Business operations.

(m) Borrowing transactions.

(n) Estate transactions.

(o) All other property transactions.

(NOTE: Limitations on and additions to the agent's powers may be included in this power of attorney if they are specifically described below.)

2. The powers granted above shall not include the following powers or shall be modified or limited in the following particulars:

(NOTE: Here you may include any specific limitations you deem appropriate, such as a prohibition or conditions on the sale of particular stock or real estate or special rules on borrowing by the agent.)

3. In addition to the powers granted above, I grant my agent the following powers:

(NOTE: Here you may add any other delegable powers including, without limitation, power to make gifts, exercise powers of appointment, name or change beneficiaries or joint tenants or revoke or amend any trust specifically referred to below.)

(NOTE: Your agent will have authority to employ other persons as necessary to enable the agent to properly exercise the powers granted in this form, but your agent will have to make all discretionary decisions. If you want to give your agent the right to delegate discretionary decision-making powers to others, you should keep paragraph 4, otherwise it should be struck out.)

4. My agent shall have the right by written instrument to delegate any or all of the foregoing powers involving discretionary decision-making to any person or persons whom my agent may select, but such delegation may be amended or revoked by any agent (including any successor) named by me who is acting under this power of attorney at the time of reference.

(NOTE: Your agent will be entitled to reimbursement for all reasonable expenses incurred in acting under this power of attorney. Strike out paragraph 5 if you do not want your agent to also be entitled to reasonable compensation for services as agent.)

5. My agent shall be entitled to reasonable compensation for services rendered as agent under this power of attorney.

(**NOTE:** This power of attorney may be amended or revoked by you at any time and in any manner. Absent amendment or revocation, the authority granted in this power of attorney will become effective at the time this power is signed and will continue until your death, unless a limitation on the beginning date or duration is made by initialing and completing one or both of paragraphs 6 and 7:)

6. This power of attorney shall become effective on:

(**NOTE:** Insert a future date or event during your lifetime, such as a court determination of your disability or a written determination by your physician that you are incapacitated, when you want this power to first take effect.)

7. This power of attorney shall terminate on:

(**NOTE:** Insert a future date or event, such as a court determination that you are not under a legal disability or a written determination by your physician that you are not incapacitated, if you want this power to terminate prior to your death.)

(**NOTE:** If you wish to name one or more successor agents, insert the name and address of each successor agent in paragraph 8.)

8. If any agent named by me shall die, become incompetent, resign or refuse to accept the office of agent, I name the following (each to act alone and successively, in the order named) as successor(s) to such agent:

(Include name, address and phone number for any named successors)

For purposes of this paragraph 8, a person shall be considered to be incompetent if and while the person is a minor or an adjudicated incompetent or a person with a disability or the person is unable to give prompt and intelligent consideration to business matters, as certified by a licensed physician.

(**NOTE:** If you wish to, you may name your agent as guardian of your estate if a court decides that one should be appointed. To do this, retain paragraph 9, and the court will appoint your agent if the court finds that this appointment will serve your best interests and welfare. Strike out paragraph 9 if you do not want your agent to act as guardian.)

9. If a guardian of my estate (my property) is to be appointed, I nominate the agent acting under this power of attorney as such guardian, to serve without bond or security.

10. I am fully informed as to all the contents of this form and understand the full import of this grant of powers to my agent.

(**NOTE:** This form does not authorize your agent to appear in court for you as an attorney-at-law or otherwise to engage in the practice of law unless he or she is a licensed attorney who is authorized to practice law in Illinois.)

11. The Notice to Agent is incorporated by reference and included as part of this form.

Dated: _____

Signed: _____
(Principal)

(NOTE: This power of attorney will not be effective unless it is signed by at least one witness and your signature is notarized, using the form below. The notary may not also sign as a witness.)

The undersigned witness certifies that _____, known to me to be the same person whose name is subscribed as principal to the foregoing power of attorney, appeared before me and the notary public and acknowledged signing and delivering the instrument as the free and voluntary act of the principal, for the uses and purposes therein set forth. I believe him or her to be of sound mind and memory. The undersigned witness also certifies that the witness is not: (a) the attending physician or mental health service provider or a relative of the physician or provider; (b) an owner, operator, or relative of an owner or operator of a health care facility in which the principal is a patient or resident; (c) a parent, sibling, descendant, or any spouse of such parent, sibling, or descendant of either the principal or any agent or successor agent under the foregoing power of attorney, whether such relationship is by blood, marriage, or adoption; or (d) an agent or successor agent under the foregoing power of attorney.

Dated: _____

Signed: _____
(Witness)

(NOTE: Illinois requires only one witness, but other jurisdictions may require more than one witness. If you wish to have a second witness, have him or her certify and sign here:)

(Second witness)

The undersigned witness certifies that _____, known to me to be the same person whose name is subscribed as principal to the foregoing power of attorney, appeared before me and the notary public and acknowledged signing and delivering the instrument as the free and voluntary act of the principal, for the uses and purposes therein set forth. I believe him or her to be of sound mind and memory. The undersigned witness also certifies that the witness is not: (a) the attending physician or mental health service provider or a relative of the physician or provider; (b) an owner, operator, or relative of an owner or operator of a health care facility in which the principal is a patient or resident; (c) a parent, sibling, descendant, or any spouse of such parent, sibling, or descendant of either the principal or any agent or successor agent under the foregoing power of attorney, whether such relationship is by blood, marriage, or adoption; or (d) an agent or successor agent under the foregoing power of attorney.

Dated: _____

Signed: _____
(Witness)

State of _____)
) SS.
 County of _____)

The undersigned, a notary public in and for the above county and state, certifies that _____, known to me to be the same person whose name is subscribed as principal to the foregoing power of attorney, appeared before me and the witness(es) _____ (and _____) in person and acknowledged signing and delivering the instrument as the free and voluntary act of the principal, for the uses and purposes therein set forth (, and certified to the correctness of the signature(s) of the agent(s)).

Dated: _____ Signature _____
 Notary Public

My commission expires: _____

(NOTE: You may, but are not required to, request your agent and successor agents to provide specimen signatures below. If you include specimen signatures in this power of attorney, you must complete the certification opposite the signatures of the agents.)

Specimen signatures of agent (and successors)

I certify that the signatures
 of my agent (and successors) are genuine.

 (agent)

 (principal)

 (successor agent)

 (principal)

 (successor agent)

 (principal)

(NOTE: The name, address, and phone number of the person preparing this form or who assisted the principal in completing this form should be inserted below.)

Name of Preparer: _____

Address: _____

Phone: _____

NOTICE TO AGENT

When you (the agent) accept the authority granted under this power of attorney a special legal relationship, known as agency, is created between you and the principal. Agency imposes upon you duties that continue until you resign or the power of attorney is terminated or revoked.

As agent you must:

- (1) do what you know the principal reasonably expects you to do with the principal's property;
- (2) act in good faith for the best interest of the principal, using due care, competence, and diligence;
- (3) keep a complete and detailed record of all receipts, disbursements, and significant actions conducted for the principal;
- (4) attempt to preserve the principal's estate plan, to the extent actually known by the agent, if preserving the plan is consistent with the principal's best interest; and
- (5) cooperate with a person who has authority to make health care decisions for the principal to carry out the principal's reasonable expectations to the extent actually in the principal's best interest.

As agent you must not do any of the following:

- (1) act so as to create a conflict of interest that is inconsistent with the other principles in this Notice to Agent;
- (2) do any act beyond the authority granted in this power of attorney;
- (3) commingle the principal's funds with your funds;
- (4) borrow funds or other property from the principal, unless otherwise authorized;
- (5) continue acting on behalf of the principal if you learn of any event that terminates this power of attorney or your authority under this power of attorney, such as the death of the principal, your legal separation from the principal, or the dissolution of your marriage to the principal.

If you have special skills or expertise, you must use those special skills and expertise when acting for the principal. You must disclose your identity as an agent whenever you act for the principal by writing or printing the name of the principal and signing your own name “as Agent” in the following manner:

“(Principal’s Name) by (Your Name) as Agent”

The meaning of the powers granted to you is contained in Section 3-4 of the Illinois Power of Attorney Act, which is incorporated by reference into the body of the power of attorney for property document.

If you violate your duties as agent or act outside the authority granted to you, you may be liable for any damages, including attorney’s fees and costs, caused by your violation.

If there is anything about this document or your duties that you do not understand, you should seek legal advice from an attorney.

(NOTE: This amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly deletes provisions that referred to the one required witness as an “additional witness”, and it also provides for the signature of an optional “second witness”.)



Triage Cancer Estate Planning Toolkit



Part III: Your State's Estate Planning Forms



Advance Health Care Directive

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Living Will

DECLARATION

This declaration is made this _____ day of _____ (month, year).

I, _____, born on _____, being of sound mind, willfully and voluntarily make known my desires that my moment of death shall not be artificially postponed.

If at any time I should have an incurable and irreversible injury, disease, or illness judged to be a terminal condition by my attending physician who has personally examined me and has determined that my death is imminent except for death delaying procedures, I direct that such procedures which would only prolong the dying process be withheld or withdrawn, and that I be permitted to die naturally with only the administration of medication, sustenance, or the performance of any medical procedure deemed necessary by my attending physician to provide me with comfort care.

In the absence of my ability to give directions regarding the use of such death delaying procedures, it is my intention that this declaration shall be honored by my family and physician as the final expression of my legal right to refuse medical or surgical treatment and accept the consequences from such refusal.

Signed _____

City, County and State of Residence _____

The declarant is personally known to me and I believe him or her to be of sound mind. I saw the declarant sign the declaration in my presence (or the declarant acknowledged in my presence that he or she had signed the declaration) and I signed the declaration as a witness in the presence of the declarant. I did not sign the declarant's signature above for or at the direction of the declarant. At the date of this instrument, I am not entitled to any portion of the estate of the declarant according to the laws of intestate succession or, to the best of my knowledge and belief, under any will of declarant or other instrument taking effect at declarant's death, or directly financially responsible for declarant's medical care.

Witness _____

Witness _____

History

(Source: P.A. 85-1209.)

Annotations

Note. This section was Ill.Rev.Stat., Ch. 110 1/2, Para. 703.

Rev 5/2012



Illinois Statutory Short Form Power of Attorney for Health Care

NOTICE TO THE INDIVIDUAL SIGNING THE POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR HEALTH CARE

No one can predict when a serious illness or accident might occur. When it does, you may need someone else to speak or make health care decisions for you. If you plan now, you can increase the chances that the medical treatment you get will be the treatment you want.

In Illinois, you can choose someone to be your “health care agent.” Your agent is the person you trust to make health care decisions for you if you are unable or do not want to make them yourself. These decisions should be based on your personal values and wishes.

It is important to put your choice of agent in writing. The written form is often called an “advance directive”. You may use this form or another form, as long as it meets the legal requirements of Illinois. There are many written and on-line resources to guide you and your loved ones in having a conversation about these issues. You may find it helpful to look at these resources while thinking about and discussing your advance directive.

WHAT ARE THE THINGS I WANT MY HEALTH CARE AGENT TO KNOW?

The selection of your agent should be considered carefully, as your agent will have the ultimate decision-making authority once this document goes into effect, in most instances after you are no longer able to make your own decisions. While the goal is for your agent to make decisions in keeping with your preferences and in the majority of circumstances that is what happens, please know that the law does allow your agent to make decisions to direct or refuse health care interventions or withdraw treatment. Your agent will need to think about conversations you have had, your personality, and how you handled important health care issues in the past. Therefore, it is important to talk with your agent and your family about such things as:

- (i) What is most important to you in your life?
- (ii) How important is it to you to avoid pain and suffering?
- (iii) If you had to choose, is it more important to you to live as long as possible, or to avoid prolonged suffering or disability?
- (iv) Would you rather be at home or in a hospital for the last days or weeks of your life?
- (v) Do you have religious, spiritual, or cultural beliefs that you want your agent and others to consider?
- (vi) Do you wish to make a significant contribution to medical science after your death through organ or whole body donation?
- (vii) Do you have an existing advance directive, such as a living will, that contains your specific wishes about health care that is only delaying your death? If you have another advance directive, make sure to discuss with your agent the directive and the treatment decisions contained within that outline your preferences. Make sure that your agent agrees to honor the wishes expressed in your advance directive.

WHAT KIND OF DECISIONS CAN MY AGENT MAKE?

If there is ever a period of time when your physician determines that you cannot make your own health care decisions, or if you do not want to make your own decisions, some of the decisions your agent could make are to:

- (i) talk with physicians and other health care providers about your condition.
- (ii) see medical records and approve who else can see them.
- (iii) give permission for medical tests, medicines, surgery, or other treatments.
- (iv) choose where you receive care and which physicians and others provide it.
- (v) decide to accept, withdraw, or decline treatments designed to keep you alive if you are near death or not likely to recover. You may choose to include guidelines and/or restrictions to your agent's authority.
- (vi) agree or decline to donate your organs or your whole body if you have not already made this decision yourself. This could include donation for transplant, research, and/or education. You should let your agent know whether you are registered as a donor in the First Person Consent registry maintained by the Illinois Secretary of State or whether you have agreed to donate your whole body for medical research and/or education.
- (vii) decide what to do with your remains after you have died, if you have not already made plans.
- (viii) talk with your other loved ones to help come to a decision (but your designated agent will have the final say over your other loved ones).

Your agent is not automatically responsible for your health care expenses.

WHOM SHOULD I CHOOSE TO BE MY HEALTH CARE AGENT?

You can pick a family member, but you do not have to. Your agent will have the responsibility to make medical treatment decisions, even if other people close to you might urge a different decision. The selection of your agent should be done carefully, as he or she will have ultimate decision-making authority for your treatment decisions once you are no longer able to voice your preferences.

Choose a family member, friend, or other person who:

- (i) is at least 18 years old;
- (ii) knows you well;
- (iii) you trust to do what is best for you and is willing to carry out your wishes, even if he or she may not agree with your wishes;
- (iv) would be comfortable talking with and questioning your physicians and other health care providers;
- (v) would not be too upset to carry out your wishes if you became very sick; and
- (vi) can be there for you when you need it and is willing to accept this important role.

WHAT IF MY AGENT IS NOT AVAILABLE OR IS UNWILLING TO MAKE DECISIONS FOR ME?

If the person who is your first choice is unable to carry out this role, then the second agent you chose will make the decisions; if your second agent is not available, then the third agent you chose will make the decisions. The second and third agents are called your successor agents and they function as back-up agents to your first choice agent and may act only one at a time and in the order you list them.

WHAT WILL HAPPEN IF I DO NOT CHOOSE A HEALTH CARE AGENT?

If you become unable to make your own health care decisions and have not named an agent in writing, your physician and other health care providers will ask a family member, friend, or guardian to make decisions for you. In Illinois, a law directs which of these individuals will be consulted. In that law, each of these individuals is called a "surrogate".

There are reasons why you may want to name an agent rather than rely on a surrogate:

- (i) The person or people listed by this law may not be who you would want to make decisions for you.
- (ii) Some family members or friends might not be able or willing to make decisions as you would want them to.
- (iii) Family members and friends may disagree with one another about the best decisions.
- (iv) Under some circumstances, a surrogate may not be able to make the same kinds of decisions that an agent can make.

WHAT IF THERE IS NO ONE AVAILABLE WHOM I TRUST TO BE MY AGENT?

In this situation, it is especially important to talk to your physician and other health care providers and create written guidance about what you want or do not want, in case you are ever critically ill and cannot express your own wishes. You can complete a living will. You can also write your wishes down and/or discuss them with your physician or other health care provider and ask him or her to write it down in your chart. You might also want to use written or on-line resources to guide you through this process.

WHAT DO I DO WITH THIS FORM ONCE I COMPLETE IT?

Follow these instructions after you have completed the form:

- (i) Sign the form in front of a witness. See the form for a list of who can and cannot witness it.
- (ii) Ask the witness to sign it, too.
- (iii) There is no need to have the form notarized.
- (iv) Give a copy to your agent and to each of your successor agents.
- (v) Give another copy to your physician.
- (vi) Take a copy with you when you go to the hospital.
- (vii) Show it to your family and friends and others who care for you.

WHAT IF I CHANGE MY MIND?

You may change your mind at any time. If you do, tell someone who is at least 18 years old that you have changed your mind, and/or destroy your document and any copies. If you wish, fill out a new form and make sure everyone you gave the old form to has a copy of the new one, including, but not limited to, your agents and your physicians.

WHAT IF I DO NOT WANT TO USE THIS FORM?

In the event you do not want to use the Illinois statutory form provided here, any document you complete must be executed by you, designate an agent who is over 18 years of age and not prohibited from serving as your agent, and state the agent's powers, but it need not be witnessed or conform in any other respect to the statutory health care power.

If you have questions about the use of any form, you may want to consult your physician, other health care provider, and/or an attorney.



Illinois Statutory Short Form Power of Attorney for Health Care

MY POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR HEALTH CARE

THIS POWER OF ATTORNEY REVOKES ALL PREVIOUS POWERS OF ATTORNEY FOR HEALTH CARE

My name (Print your full name): _____

My address: _____

I WANT THE FOLLOWING PERSON TO BE MY HEALTH CARE AGENT (an agent is your personal representative under state and federal law):

(Agent name) _____

(Agent address) _____

(Agent phone number) _____

Please check box if applicable:

☐ If a guardian of my person is to be appointed, I nominate the agent acting under this power of attorney as guardian.

MY AGENT CAN MAKE HEALTH CARE DECISIONS FOR ME, INCLUDING:

- (i) Deciding to accept, withdraw, or decline treatment for any physical or mental condition of mine, including life-and-death decisions.
- (ii) Agreeing to admit me to or discharge me from any hospital, home, or other institution, including a mental health facility.
- (iii) Having complete access to my medical and mental health records, and sharing them with others as needed, including after I die.
- (iv) Carrying out the plans I have already made, or, if I have not done so, making decisions about my body or remains, including organ, tissue, or whole body donation, autopsy, cremation, and burial.

I AUTHORIZE MY AGENT TO: (Please check only one box. If no box is checked, or if more than one box is checked, the directive in the first box below shall be implemented.)

☐ Make decisions for me only when I cannot make them for myself. The physician(s) taking care of me will determine when I lack this ability.

☐ Make decisions for me only when I cannot make them for myself. The physician(s) taking care of me will determine when I lack this ability. Starting now, for the purpose of assisting me with my health care plans and decisions, my agent shall have complete access to my medical and mental health records, the authority to share them with others as needed, and the complete ability to communicate with my personal physician(s) and other health care providers, including the ability to require an opinion of my physician as to whether I lack the ability to make decisions for myself.

☐ Make decisions for me starting now and continuing after I am no longer able to make them for myself. While I am still able to make my own decisions, I can still do so if I want to.

LIFE-SUSTAINING TREATMENTS:

The subject of life-sustaining treatment is of particular importance. Life-sustaining treatments may include tube feedings or fluids through a tube, breathing machines, and CPR. In general, in making decisions concerning life-sustaining treatment, your agent is instructed to consider the relief of suffering, the quality as well as the possible extension of your life, and your previously expressed wishes. Your agent will weigh the burdens versus benefits of proposed treatments in making decisions on your behalf.

Additional statements concerning the withholding or removal of life-sustaining treatment are described below. These can serve as a guide for your agent when making decisions for you. Ask your physician or health care provider if you have any questions about these statements. **SELECT ONLY ONE STATEMENT BELOW THAT BEST EXPRESSES YOUR WISHES (optional):**

- ☐ The quality of my life is more important than the length of my life. If I am unconscious and my attending physician believes, in accordance with reasonable medical standards, that I will not wake up or recover my ability to think, communicate with my family and friends, and experience my surroundings, I do not want treatments to prolong my life or delay my death, but I do want treatment or care to make me comfortable and to relieve me of pain.
- ☐ Staying alive is more important to me, no matter how sick I am, how much I am suffering, the cost of the procedures, or how unlikely my chances for recovery are. I want my life to be prolonged to the greatest extent possible in accordance with reasonable medical standards.

SPECIFIC LIMITATIONS TO MY AGENT'S DECISION-MAKING AUTHORITY:

The above grant of power is intended to be as broad as possible so that your agent will have the authority to make any decision you could make to obtain or terminate any type of health care. If you wish to limit the scope of your agent's powers or prescribe special rules or limit the power to authorize autopsy or dispose of remains, you may do so specifically on the lines below or add another page if needed:

YOU MUST SIGN THIS FORM AND A WITNESS MUST ALSO SIGN IT BEFORE IT IS VALID.

My signature: _____ Today's date: _____

HAVE YOUR WITNESS AGREE TO WHAT IS WRITTEN BELOW, AND THEN COMPLETE THE SIGNATURE PORTION:

I am at least 18 years old. (Check one of the options below.)

- ☐ I saw the principal sign this document, or
- ☐ the principal told me that the signature or mark on the principal signature line is his or hers.

I am not the agent or successor agent(s) named in this document. I am not related to the principal, the agent, or the successor agent(s) by blood, marriage, or adoption. I am not the principal's physician, advanced practice registered nurse, dentist, podiatric physician, optometrist, psychologist, or a relative of one of those individuals. I am not an owner or operator (or the relative of an owner or operator) of the health care facility where the principal is a patient or resident.

Witness printed name: _____

Witness address: _____

Witness signature: _____ Today's date: _____

SUCCESSOR HEALTH CARE AGENT(S) (optional):

If the agent I selected is unable or does not want to make health care decisions for me, then I request the person(s) I name below to be my successor health care agent(s). Only one person at a time can serve as my agent (add another page if you want to add more successor agent names).

(Successor agent #1 name, address and phone number)

(Successor agent #2 name, address and phone number)



Triage Cancer Estate Planning Toolkit



Part III: Your State's Estate Planning Forms



Physician Orders for Life Sustaining Treatment (POLST)

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State of Illinois
Department of Public Health

IDPH UNIFORM PRACTITIONER ORDER FOR LIFE-SUSTAINING TREATMENT (POLST) FORM

For patients: Use of this form is completely voluntary. If desired, have someone you trust with you when discussing a POLST form with a health care professional. **For health care providers:** Complete this form only after a conversation with the patient or the patient's representative. The POLST decision-making process is for patients who are at risk for a life-threatening clinical event because they have a serious life-limiting medical condition, which may include advanced frailty. With significant change in condition, new orders may need to be written.

PATIENT INFORMATION. For patients: Use of this form is completely voluntary.			
Patient Last Name		Patient First Name	MI
Date of Birth (mm/dd/yyyy)		Address (street/city/state/ZIP code)	
A Required to Select One	ORDERS FOR PATIENT IN CARDIAC ARREST. Follow if patient has NO pulse.		
	☐ YES CPR: Attempt cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR). Utilize all indicated modalities per standard medical protocol. (Requires choosing Full Treatment in Section B.) ☐ NO CPR: Do Not Attempt Resuscitation (DNAR).		
B Section may be Left Blank	ORDERS FOR PATIENT NOT IN CARDIAC ARREST. Follow if patient has a pulse. Maximizing comfort is a goal regardless of which treatment option is selected. (When no option selected, follow Full Treatment.)		
	☐ Full Treatment: Primary goal is attempting to prevent cardiac arrest by using all indicated treatments. Utilize intubation, mechanical ventilation, cardioversion, and all other treatments as indicated.		
	☐ Selective Treatment: Primary goal is treating medical conditions with limited medical measures. Do not intubate or use invasive mechanical ventilation. May use non-invasive forms of positive airway pressure, including CPAP and BiPAP. May use IV fluids, antibiotics, vasopressors, and antiarrhythmics as indicated. Transfer to the hospital if indicated.		
	☐ Comfort-Focused Treatment: Primary goal is maximizing comfort through symptom management. Allow natural death. Use medication by any route as needed. Use oxygen, suctioning and manual treatment of airway obstruction. Do not use treatments listed in Full and Selective Treatment unless consistent with comfort goal. Transfer to hospital only if comfort cannot be achieved in current setting.		
C Section may be Left Blank	Additional Orders or Instructions. These orders are in addition to those above (e.g., withhold blood products; no dialysis). [EMS protocols may limit emergency responder ability to act on orders in this section.]		
D Section may be Left Blank	ORDERS FOR MEDICALLY ADMINISTERED NUTRITION. Offer food by mouth if tolerated. (When no selection made, provide standard of care.)		
	☐ Provide artificial nutrition and hydration by any means, including new or existing surgically-placed tubes.		
	☐ Trial period for artificial nutrition and hydration but NO surgically-placed tubes.		
	☐ No artificial nutrition or hydration desired.		
E Required	Signature of Patient or Legal Representative. (eSigned documents are valid.)		
	☒ Printed Name (required)		Date
	Signature (required) I have discussed treatment options and goals for care with a health care professional. If signing as legal representative, to the best of my knowledge and belief, the treatments selected are consistent with the patient's preferences.		
	☒		
	Relationship of Signee to Patient:		☐ Agent under Power of Attorney for Health Care ☐ Health care surrogate decision maker (See Page 2 for priority list)
	☐ Patient ☐ Parent of minor		
F Required	Qualified Health Care Practitioner. Physician, licensed resident (second year or higher), advanced practice nurse, or physician assistant. (eSigned documents are valid.)		
	☒ Printed Authorized Practitioner Name (required)		Phone
	Signature of Authorized Practitioner (required) To the best of my knowledge and belief, these orders are consistent with the patient's medical condition and preferences.		Date (required)
	☒		

THIS PAGE IS OPTIONAL – use for informational purposes			
Patient Last Name		Patient First Name	MI
<i>Use of the Illinois Department of Public Health (IDPH) Practitioner Orders for Life-Sustaining Treatment (POLST) Form is always voluntary. This order records a patient's wishes for medical treatment in their current state of health. The patient or patient representative and a health care provider should reassess and discuss interventions regularly to ensure treatments are meeting patient's care goals. This form can be changed to reflect new wishes at any time.</i> <i>No form can address all the medical treatment decisions that may need to be made. The Power of Attorney for Health Care Advance Directive (POAHC) is recommended for all capable adults, regardless of their health status. A POAHC allows a person to document, in detail, future health care instructions and name a Legal Representative to speak on their behalf if they are unable to speak for themselves.</i>			
Advance Directives available for patient at time of this form completion			
☐ Power of Attorney for Health Care	☐ Living Will Declaration	☐ Declaration for Mental Health Treatment	☐ None Available
Health Care Professional Information			
Preparer Name		Phone Number	
Preparer Title		Date Prepared	

Completing the IDPH POLST Form

- The completion of a POLST form is always voluntary, cannot be mandated, and may be changed at any time.
- A POLST should reflect current preferences of persons completing the POLST Form; encourage completion of a POAHC.
- Verbal/phone consent by the patient or legal representative are acceptable.
- Verbal/phone orders are acceptable with follow-up signature by authorized practitioner in accordance with facility/community policy.
- Use of the original form is encouraged. Digital copies and photocopies, including faxes, on ANY COLOR paper are legal and valid.
- Forms with eSignatures are legal and valid.
- A qualified health care practitioner may be licensed in Illinois or the state where the patient is being treated.

Reviewing a POLST Form

This POLST form should be reviewed periodically and in light of the patient's ongoing needs and desires. These include:

- transfers from one care setting or care level to another;
- changes in the patient's health status or use of implantable devices (e.g., ICDs/cerebral stimulators);
- the patient's ongoing treatment and preferences; and
- a change in the patient's primary care professional.

Voiding or revoking a POLST Form

- A patient with capacity can void or revoke the form, and/or request alternative treatment.
- Changing, modifying, or revising a POLST form requires completion of a new POLST form.
- Draw line through sections A through E and write "VOID" across page if any POLST form is replaced or becomes invalid.
- Beneath the written "VOID" write in the date of change and re-sign.
- If included in an electronic medical record, follow all voiding procedures of facility.

Illinois Health Care Surrogate Act (755 ILCS 40/25) Priority Order

- | | |
|--|--|
| 1. Patient's guardian of person | 5. Adult siblings |
| 2. Patient's spouse or partner of a registered civil union | 6. Adult grandchildren |
| 3. Adult children | 7. A close friend of the patient |
| 4. Parents | 8. The patient's guardian of the estate |
| | 9. The patient's temporary custodian appointed under subsection (2) of Section 2-10 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 if the court has entered an order granting such authority pursuant to subsection (12) of Section 2-10 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987. |

For more information, visit the IDPH Statement of Illinois law at <http://dph.illinois.gov/topics-services/health-care-regulation/nursing-homes/advance-directives>

**HIPAA (HEALTH INSURANCE PORTABILITY AND ACCOUNTABILITY ACT of 1996)
PERMITS DISCLOSURE TO HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONALS AS NECESSARY FOR TREATMENT**



Triage Cancer Estate Planning Toolkit



Part III: Your State's Estate Planning Forms



HIPAA Authorization Form

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Authorization to Disclose/Obtain Information

(1) I authorize _____ to ☐ disclose ☐ obtain ☐ disclose and obtain
(Hospital/Agency/Individual)

(2) ☐ Discharge Summary ☐ Discharge Staffing ☐ Psychiatric Evaluation ☐ Social History ☐ History and Physical
☐ Treatment/Hab Plans ☐ Assessments (Specify Type) _____ ☐ Physicians Orders
☐ Med. Administration Records ☐ Progress Notes ☐ Behavioral Plans ☐ Consultations ☐ Lab/X-Ray
☐ Photos ☐ Record Abstract ☐ Patient Review ☐ Other (specify) _____

Concerning the care of the below named person from DATE (or RANGE OF DATES): _____

(3) About (Name) _____ Social Security Number: _____
Date of Birth: _____ Alias: _____

(4) For purposes of: ☐ Personal Use ☐ Continuity of Care ☐ Placement Transfer ☐ Financial/Benefits
☐ Attorney ☐ State Law/Court ☐ Death ☐ Other (specify) _____

(5) Information may be disclosed/obtained: Mail, In-Person, Phone, E-Mail or by Fax (For Urgent/Emergency Needs).
Restrictions if any: _____

(6) ☐ Disclose To	☐ Obtain From
Name: _____	Name: _____
Address: _____	Address: _____
City/State/Zip: _____	City/State/Zip: _____

(7) This authorization is valid until calendar date: _____
Month Day Year

(8) It is my full understanding that the records and communications to be disclosed WILL include sensitive information such as evaluation, habilitation/treatment information for mental health, developmental disabilities, alcohol or substance use/abuse or HIV/AIDs. **CHECK BELOW FOR EXCLUSION ONLY.**

☐ Alcohol/Substance Abuse ☐ Mental Health ☐ Developmental Disabilities
☐ HIV/AID's ☐ Other (specify) _____

(9) I understand that the above-named agency/facility/person authorized to receive this information has the right to inspect and copy the information disclosed. I further understand that if the entity receiving this information is not a healthcare provider/plan covered by HIPAA privacy regulations, the information described above may be re-disclosed and no longer protected by the HIPAA Regulations.

(10) I understand that I may revoke this authorization; however, the revocation must be in writing and must be sent/given to the facility record's department. I understand that no revocation of this authorization shall be effective to prevent disclosure of records and communications until it is received by the person otherwise authorized to disclose records and communications.

(11) Refusal to sign this form will result in the following consequences: INFORMATION WILL NOT BE DISCLOSED/OBTAINED.

(12) _____
Signature of individual (age 12 or older) Date/Time

(13) _____
Signature of parent/guardian (Under 18 or Disabled) Date/Time

(14) _____
Witness OR (2nd parent/guardian, if co-custodial, may sign here) Date/Time

(15) _____
Signature of staff person disclosing/obtaining information Date/Time:

Specific information about disclosures and dates shall be documented in the individual's clinical record or Disclosure Tracking System.
A facsimile of this original shall have the same force and effect as the original.

The Standards for Privacy of Personally identifiable Health Information, 45 CFR Parts 160 and 164, states that information used or disclosed pursuant to this authorization may be subject to a re disclosure by the recipient of the information. The federal confidentiality Rules 42 CFR Part 2 prohibit making any further disclosure of drug or alcohol information unless further disclosure of this information is expressly permitted by the written consent of the person to whom it pertains or as otherwise permitted by 42 CFR Part 1. A general authorization for the release of medical or other information DOES NOT restrict any use of the information to criminally investigate or prosecute any alcohol or drug abuse patient (52FR21809, June 9, 1987; 52 FR4 1997, November 2, 1987)

NOTE: Your refusal to sign an Authorization to Disclose/Obtain Information will not prevent treatment, payment, or enrollment in a health plan or eligibility for benefits



Authorization to Disclose/Obtain Information

INSTRUCTIONS: Authorizations to Disclose/Obtain Information

- (1) Identify whether the form will be used to disclose, to obtain or to disclose/obtain (share) information and whom you are authorizing to perform this function.
- (2) Check the specific information you wish to disclose/obtain. Check only what is the minimum necessary to fulfill the purpose of disclosure. Enter a service date - if unknown, indicate "last service date" and only checked information from last service dates will be released or obtained.
- (3) Complete the individual's name, date of birth, social security number and aliases or a maiden name to help correctly identify the individual.
- (4) Check the purpose or reason why the information needs to be disclosed/obtained.
- (5) Circle all manners which the information may be disclosed/obtained. If you wish to restrict any of these, please specify. If nothing is specified, all manners of release will be considered authorized. (Information will only be faxed if URGENT.)
- (6) Complete the name and address of the agency, facility or person to whom you will disclose the information or complete the name and address of the agency, facility or person from whom you are obtaining the information. If you wish it to be phoned or faxed, include area code and numbers.
- (7) Complete the calendar date (month, day and year) on which this authorization will expire. Information cannot be disclosed/obtained without a specific date of expiration.
- (8) Sensitive information will be released/obtained unless you specifically check an exclusion. **If no items are checked all information within the patient record is subject to disclosure.**
- (9) Self-explanatory.
- (10) Self-explanatory.
- (11) Self-explanatory.

NOTE: In accordance with federal and state privacy laws only the following persons shall be entitled to consent in writing to the inspection, copying and/or the release of the individual's protected health information.

- The individual if they are 12 years of age or older.
 - The parent or guardian of an individual less than 12 years of age **(If both parents have co-custody, both individuals must sign - one on line 13, the other on line 14.)**
 - The parent or guardian of an individual between the ages of 12 and 17, provided the individual does not object and has signed the authorization.
 - The guardian of a person 18 years of age or older.
 - An attorney or guardian ad litem who represents a minor 12 or older provided the court has entered an order granting this right.
- (12) Individual to sign and date here if - age 12 or older.
 - (13) Parent to sign and date here if -
 - Individual is less than 12 years of age or
 - If individual is between 12 and 18 and has signed on line 12 or Guardian to sign here if -
 - If individual is 18 years of age or older but is legally disabled. **You must provide a copy of the Guardianship court order granting you this right.**
 - Guardian to sign here if -
 - If you are a guardian ad litem or attorney representing a minor 12 or older in any judicial or administrative proceeding. **You must provide a copy of the court order granting you this right.**
 - (14) Witness to sign and date here. **All authorizations require a witness signature to attest to the identity of the person entitled to give consent** (person signing line 12/13)
Line may be used by a co-custodial parent.
 - (15) Staff person disclosing/obtaining information signs here. Specific dates when disclosed/obtained shall be documented in the individual's clinical record and/or the Disclosure Tracking system.